

SAFFTY DATA SHFFT

CHROMATE INDUSTRIAL CORPORATION®

5250-A Naiman Parkway, Solon, OH 44139 • 888-567-2206 • www.chromate.com

FOR CHEMICAL EMERGENCY

Call ChemTrec day/night: 1-800-424-9300

1. IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME: Moly Dry Lube

DATE PREPARED: June 22, 2015

PART NUMBER: 74123

MANUFACTURER: CHROMATE INDUSTRIAL CORPORATION 5250-A Naiman Parkway, Solon, OH 44139 • www.chromate.com

PRODUCT/RECOMMENDED USES:

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER OF THE COMPANY: (888) 567-2206

PRODUCT INFORMATION TELEPHONE NUMBER: (888) 567-2206

REGULATORY INFORMATION TELEPHONE NUMBER: (888) 567-2206

TRANSPORTATION EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER: (800) 424-9300

NATIONAL POISON CENTER: (800) 222-1222

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification: Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure - Category 2

Aspiration Hazard - Category 1
Skin irritation - Category 2
Aerosol - Category 1
Eye irritation - Category 2A
Carcinogenicity - Category 2
Chronic aquatic toxicity - Category 2

Flammable Liquids - Category 1

Label elements:









Signal word:

Danger

Hazardous statements

Physical: H224 - Extremely flammable liquid and vapor.

H222, H229 - Extremely flammable aerosol, Pressurized container may burst if heated.

Health: H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.H351 - Suspected of causing cancer.

Environmental: H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

 ${\sf N/A-NOT\,APPLICABLE} \qquad {\sf N/D-NOT\,DETERMINED} \qquad {\sf N/E-NONE\,ESTABLISHED} \qquad {\sf N/R-NOT\,REGULATED} \qquad {\sf N/L-NOT\,LISTED}$

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION CONTINUED

Precautionary statements

General: P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 - Keep out of reach of children.

P103 - Read label before use.

Prevention: P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P211 - Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251 - Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P261 - Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P233 - Keep container tightly closed.

P260 - Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.

P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Response: P391 - Collect spillage.

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin

with water or shower.

P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use water fog, dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P312 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

P314 - Get Medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

P301 + P310 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting.

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P332 + P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing. And wash it before reuse.

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Storage: P235 - Keep cool.

P403 + P405 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Store locked up.

P410 - Protect from sunlight.

P412 - Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.

Disposal: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and

international regulations.

3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS CAS **Chemical Name** % by weight 0000075-09-2 METHYLENE CHLORIDE 26% - 46% 0000109-66-0 PENTANE 18% - 31% 0000106-97-8 **BUTANE** 7% - 16% 0001317-33-5 MOLYBDENUM (IV) SULFIDE 4% - 9% 0000074-98-6 **PROPANE** 3% - 7% 0000075-28-5 **ISOBUTANE** 3% - 7%

N/A — NOT APPLICABLE N/D — NOT DETERMINED

N/E — NONE ESTABLISHED

N/R — NOT REGULATED

N/L — NOT LISTED

4 FIRST-AID MEASURES

Inhalation Remove source of exposure or move person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If exposed/feel

unwell/concerned: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

Eye contact: Remove source of exposure or move person to fresh air. Rinse eyes cautiously with lukewarm, gently flowing

water for several minutes, while holding the eyelids open. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for a duration of 15-20 minutes. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected

eye or onto the face. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Skin contact: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods (e.g. watchbands, belts). Gently blot or

brush away excess product. Wash with plenty of lukewarm, gently flowing water for a duration of 15-20 minutes. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. Store contaminated clothing under water and wash before

reuse or discard.

Ingestion: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. If vomiting occurs

naturally, lie on your side, in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or

convulsing victim. Keep person warm and quiet.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media: Use water, fog, dry chemical, or carbon dioxide. Carbon dioxide can displace oxygen. Use caution

when applying carbon dioxide in confined spaces. Simultaneous use of foam and water on the same

surface is to be avoided as water destroys the foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: Water may be ineffective but can be used to cool containers exposed to heat or flame.

Specific hazards in Case of Fire: Contents under pressure. Keep away from ignition sources and open flames. Exposure of

containers to extreme heat and flames can cause them to rupture often with violent force. Aerosol cans may rupture when heated. Heated cans may burst. In fire, will decompose to carbon dioxide,

carbon monoxide.

Fire-fighting procedures: Isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out. Stop spill/release if it can be

done safely. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely. Water

spray may be useful in minimizing or dispersing vapors and to protect personnel. Dispose of fire

debris and contaminated extinguishing water in accordance with official regulations.

Special protective actions: Wear protective pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear. Care

should always be exercised in dust/mist areas.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Emergency procedure: Flammable/combustible material. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in

immediate area). Stay upwind; keep out of low areas. Immediately turn off or isolate any source of ignition. Keep unnecessary people away; isolate hazard area and deny entry. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Clean up immediately. Use absorbent sweeping compound to soak up material and put into suitable

container for proper disposal.

Recommended Equipment: Positive pressure, full-face piece self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA), or positive pressure supplied

air respirator with escape SCBA (NIOSH approved).

Personal precautions: ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Use explosion

proof equipment. Avoid breathing vapor. Avoid contact with skin, eye or clothing. Do not touch damaged

containers or spilled materials unless wearing appropriate protective clothing.

Environmental precautions: Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Prevent spilled material from entering sewers, storm drains, other

unauthorized drainage systems and natural waterways by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

General: For industrial and institutional use only. For use by trained personnel only. Keep away from children. Wash

hands after use. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Do not breathe vapors or mists. Use good personal hygiene practices. Eating, drinking and smoking in work areas is prohibited. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Eyewash stations and showers should be

available in areas where this material is used and stored.

Ventilation Requirements: Use only with adequate ventilation to control air contaminants to their exposure limits. The use of local

ventilation is recommended to control emissions near the source.

Storage Room Requirements: Keep container(s) tightly closed and properly labeled. Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated areas away from

heat, direct sunlight and incompatibilities. Store in approved containers and protect against physical damage.

Keep containers securely sealed when not in use. Indoor storage should meet OSHA standards and appropriate fire codes. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed to prevent leakage.

Empty container retain residue and may be dangerous.

Do not cut, drill, grind, weld, or perform similar operations on or near containers. Do not pressurize containers to empty them. Ground all structures, transfer containers and equipment to conform to the national electrical code. Use procedures that prevent static electrical sparks. Static electricity may accumulate and create a fire

hazard.

Store at temperatures below 120°F.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Eye Protection: Chemical goggles, safety glasses with side shields or vented/splash proof goggles. Contact lenses may absorb irritants. Particles may adhere to lenses and cause corneal damage.

Skin Protection: Wear gloves, long sleeved shirt, long pants and other protective clothing as required to minimize skin contact.

Use of gloves approved to relevant standards made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection: PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, glove thickness, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Chemical-resistant clothing is recommended to avoid prolonged contact. Avoid unnecessary skin contact.

Respiratory Protection: If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker, a respiratory protection program that meets or is equivalent to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 should be followed. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers. Where air-filtering respirators are suitable, select an appropriate combination of mask and filter. Select a filter suitable for combined particulate/organic gases and vapors.

When spraying more than one half can continuously or more than one can consecutively, use NIOSH approved respirator.

Chemical Name	OSHA TWA (ppm)	OSHA TWA (mg/m³)	OSHA STEL (ppm)	OSHA STEL (mg/m³)	OSHA Tables- Z1,2,3	OSHA Carcinogen	OSHA Skin designation
BUTANE							
ISOBUTANE							
METHYLENE CHLORIDE	25(a)		125/15 minutes		1,2	1	
MOLYBDENUM (IV) SULFIDE		5					
PENTANE	1000	2950			1		
PROPANE	1000	1800			1		
Chemical Name	NIOSH TWA (ppm)	NIOSH TWA (mg/m³)	NIOSH STEL (ppm)	NIOSH STEL (mg/m³)	NIOSH Carcinogen		
BUTANE	800	1900					
ISOBUTANE	800	1900					
METHYLENE CHLORIDE	b				1		
MOLYBDENUM (IV) SULFIDE							
PENTANE	120	350					
PROPANE	1000	1800					
Chemical Name	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	ACGIH STEL (mg/m³)			
BUTANE	1000						
ISOBUTANE	1000						
METHYLENE CHLORIDE	50	174					
MOLYBDENUM (IV) SULFIDE		[0.5 (R)]; [10 (I), 3 (R)];					
PENTANE	1000						
PROPANE	See Appendix F: Minimal Oxygen Conte	nt					

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical and Chemical Properties

Density 6.34238 lb/gal Density (VOC) 3.33539 lb/gal % VOC 52.58883% **VOC Actual** 3.33539 lb/gal **VOC Actual** 399.67923 g/l **VOC Regulatory** 3.33539 lb/gal **VOC Regulatory** 399.67923 g/l

Appearance N.A. Odor threshold: N.A. Odor description: N.A. pH: N.A. Water solubility Nil

Flammability Flashpoint below 73°F

Flash point symbol: 0°F Flash point: Viscosity: N.A. Lower explosion level: N.A. Upper explosion level: N.A. Melting point: N.A.

Vapor density: Slower than ether

Freezing point: N.A. Low boiling point: 0°F **High boiling point:** 395°F **Decomposition pt:** 0 Auto-ignition temperature: N.A.

Evaporation rate: Slower than ether

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: Stable.

Conditions to avoid: High temperatures.

Incompatible materials: None known. Hazardous reactions/polymerization: Will not occur.

Hazardous decompostion products: In fire, will decompose to carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide.

N/D — NOT DETERMINED N/A — NOT APPLICABLE N/E — NONE ESTABLISHED

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Skin corrosion/irritation: Overexposure will cause defatting of skin. Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation: Overexposure will cause redness and burning sensation. Causes serious eye

irritation.

Carcinogenicity: Suspected of causing cancer.

Germ cell mutagenicity: No data available. Reproductive toxicity: No data available. Resiratory or skin sensitization: No data available.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure: May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Aspiration hazard:

Acute toxicity: Inhalation: effects of overexposure include irritation of respiratory tract, headache, dizziness, nausea, and loss of coordination. Extreme overexposure may result in unconsciousness and possibly death.

0000109-66-0 **PENTANE**

LC50 (rat): 117000 ppm (364000 mg/m3) (4-hour exposure) (12, unconfirmed)

METHYLENE CHLORIDE 0000075-09-2

LC50 (guinea pig): 11600 ppm (6-hour exposure) (7) LC50 (rat): 57000 ppm (15-minute exposure) (8) LC50 (mouse): 16186 ppm (8-hour exposure) (9)

LD50 (oral, rat): 2100 to 3000 mg/kg (1)

0000075-28-5 **ISOBUTANE**

LC50 (mouse, inhalation): 520,000 ppm (52%); 2-hour exposure.(4)

0000106-97-8 **BUTANE**

LC50 (mouse): 202000 ppm (481000 mg/m3) (4-hour exposure); cited as 680 mg/L (2-hour exposure) (9) LC50 (rat): 276000 ppm (658000 mg/m3) (4-hour exposure); cited as 658 mg/L (4-hour exposure) (9)

Acute Exposure

0000075-09-2 **METHYLENE CHLORIDE**

The substance is irritating to the eyes, skin and respiratory tract. It can cause effects on the CNS, blood, liver, heart and lungs. Exposure could cause carbon monoxide poisoning resulting in impaired functions. Exposure at high concentrations could cause lowering of consciousness and death. Methylene Chloride is a potent irritant of mucous membranes. If swallowed, the substance may cause vomiting and could result in aspiration pneumonitis.

Chronic Exposure

0000075-09-2 **METHYLENE CHLORIDE**

Inhalation exposure may result in neurological symptoms, including paraesthesiae, respiratory irritation and gastrointestinal disturbances. Long term exposure causes damage to the CNS and to the liver. Repeated or prolonged contact with skin may cause dermatitis.

Potential Health Effects - Miscellaneous

METHYLENE CHLORIDE 0000075-09-2

Is an IARC, NTP or OSHA Carcinogen. There is limited evidence that this substance causes spontaneous abortions. Contact can severely irritate and burn the skin and eyes with possible eye damage. Skin contact may cause inflammation and burns. Inhalation of high concentrations can have narcotic effects; Carbon monoxide produced as a metabolite in the body.

N/A — NOT APPLICABLE N/D — NOT DETERMINED N/E — NONE ESTABLISHED N/R — NOT REGULATED N/L - NOT LISTED

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity: No data available. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Persistence and degradability: No data available.

Bio-accumulative potential: No data available.

Mobility in soil: No data available.

Other adverse effects: No data available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Water disposal: Under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the user of the product, to determine at the time of disposal whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste. Waste management should be in full compliance with federal, state, and local laws.

Empty containers retain product residue which may exhibit hazards of material, therefore do not pressurize, cut, glaze, weld or use for any other purposes. Return drums to reclamation centers for proper cleaning and reuse.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

U.S. DOT Information: Consumer Commodity, ORM-D IMDG Information: Consumer Commodity, ORM-D IATA Information: Consumer Commodity, ORM-D

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION							
CAS	Chemical Name	% by weight	Regulation List				
0000074-98-6	PROPANE	3% - 7%	SARA 312, VOC, TSCA, ACGIH, OSHA				
0000075-09-2	METHYLENE CHLORIDE	26% - 46%	CERLA, HAPS, SARA 312, SARA 313, TSCA, RCRA, ACGIH, CA_Prop65 - California Proposition 65, OSHA				
0000075-28-5	ISOBUTANE	3% - 7%	SARA 312, VOC, TSCA, ACGIH				
0000106-97-8	BUTANE	7% - 16%	SARA 312, VOC, TSCA, ACGIH				
0000109-66-0	PENTANE	18% - 31%	SARA 312, VOC, TSCA, ACGIH, OSHA				
0001317-33-5	MOLYBDENUM (IV) SULFIDE	4% - 9%	SARA 312, TSCA, ACGIH, OSHA				

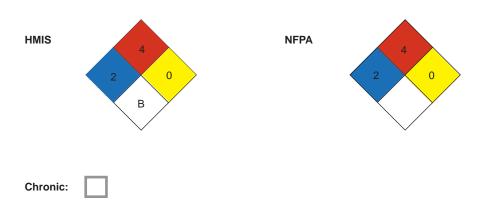
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16. OTHER INFORMATION

Glossary:

* There are points of differences between OSHA GHS and UN GHS. In 90% of the categories, they can be used interchangeably, but for the Skin Corrosion/Irritant Category and the Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single and Repeated Exposure) Categories. In these cases, our system will say UN GHS.

ACGIH- American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; ANSI- American National Standards Institute; Canadian TDG - Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods; CAS- Chemical Abstract Service; Chemtrec- Chemical Transportation Emergency Center (US); CHIP- Chemical Hazard Information and Packaging; DSL- Domestic Substances List; EC- Equivalent Concentration; EH40 (UK)-HSE Guidance Note EH40 Occupational Exposure Limits; EPCRA- Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act; ESL-Effects screening levels; HMIS- Hazardous Material Information Service; LC- Lethal Concentration; LD- Lethal Dose; NFPA- National Fire Protection Association; OEL- Occupational Exposure Limits; OSHA- Occupational Safety and Health Administration, US Department of Labor; PEL- Permissible Exposure Limit; SARA (Title III)- Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SARA 313- Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act, Section 313; SCBA- Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus; STEL- Short Term Exposure Limit; TCEQ - Texas Commission on Environmental Quality; TLV- Threshold Limit Value; TSCA- Toxic Substances Control Act Public Law 94-469; TWA - Time Weighted Value; US DOT- US Department of Transportation; WHMIS- Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System.



DISCLAIMER

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